

# Transparency in FMS Pricing

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#### • Who is AIA?

- √ Trade association representing 60 major defense and aerospace companies
- √ Members responsible for \$62.4b in export sales in 1999
- √ Contributed \$37.4b to the balance of trade in 1999



# • Pre-LOA Transparency involves:

- $\sqrt{}$  Industry prices
- **√** Government prices



## •Major Factors Affecting Pricing Transparency

- **√** Realism of potential sale
- **√** Need to protect proprietary data
- **√** Service/Program office position



## \*Commercial vs. U.S. Government Sale

- $\checkmark$  Commercial sale based on commercial practice
- √ Government sale regulated by FAR/DFARS



## •Commercial Sale - Many Variables

- $\sqrt{\text{Visibility at price (not cost) level}}$
- $\sqrt{}$  Level of detail depends on many factors
  - Customer relations
  - Seriousness of inquiry
  - Funding availability
  - Definition of requirements
  - Time/cost to respond



## • U.S. Government Sale

- **√** Competitive
- **√** Sole source



## • U.S. Government Competitive Sale

- $\sqrt{}$  Top level prices
- $\sqrt{}$  Little visibility



## • U.S. Government Sole Source Sale

- √ Cost and pricing data available to U.S. Government
- √ Verified by government auditors/contracting officer
- $\sqrt{}$  Information protected by law



## • Fixed Price/Not-to-Exceed Prices Pre-LOA

- $\sqrt{\mathbf{Risky}}$  to do
- **√** Costly to prepare
- √ Lengthy proposal process
- **√** Most suited to off-the-shelf products
- $\sqrt{}$  Should be exception, not the rule



## • How to Achieve Transparency?

- **√** Clearly defined requirements
- √ Firm funding/commitment
- √ Early involvement of government contracting officer



#### • Results

- $\sqrt{}$  Commercial level of price visibility
- $\sqrt{}$  Ability to make trade offs
  - Commercial vs. FMS vs. split awards
  - Price vs. performance
- **√** Reliable prices